First Exam

Name (PRINT) LAST, First

Signature $\qquad$ ID\# $\qquad$

10:00 AM

1:00 PM

4:00 PM

| Page \# | Score |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1.16 pts. |  |  |
| 2.26 pts. |  |  |
| 3.22 pts. |  |  |
| 4.16 pts. |  |  |
| 5.20 pts. |  |  |

Total: $\qquad$

NOTE: Present your student ID when you return the exam booklet.

1. Give an acceptable IUPAC name for each of the compounds in a-c. Draw the structure of the compound in $\underline{d}$. Be sure to indicate stereochemistry where appropriate. (16 points)
a.

$\square$
b.

c. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}$ $\square$
d. 4-methyl-5-tert-pentyInonane

2. Draw all structural and geometric (cis/trans) isomers resulting from the monochlorination of methylcyclopentane (shown below). Place geometric isomers next to each other and circle them. (NOTE: There must be TWO structures in any circles drawn.) You will be penalized for duplicate structures. (14 points)

3. For each structure given, draw the important resonance contributors. Circle the major contributor. (12 points)
a.

b.

4. Place the following compounds in order of increasing boiling point. (1=lowest, $3=$ highest)(6 points)





5. Place the following compounds in order of increasing acidity. (1=least acidic, $3=$ most acidic)(6 points)





$\square$
6. Label the molecules below as polar ( P ) or nonpolar ( N ). (4 points)

$$
\mathrm{Be}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}
$$

$$
\mathrm{CF}_{3} \mathrm{Br}
$$


7. Calculate the formal charges for the indicated atoms (6 points)


8. Viewing the molecule along the C3-C4 bond, construct the Newman projection of the least stable confirmation of 3,4-dimethylhexane. Calculate the strain energy of this conformation using the values given. (6 points)


Newman projection:
strain energies:
$\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}$ eclipsing $=1.0 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{mol}$
$\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{H}$ eclipsing $=1.3 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{mol}$
$\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ eclipsing $=3.0 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{mol}$
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ eclipsing $=4.0 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{mol}$
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ eclipsing $=3.5 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{mol}$
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2}, \mathrm{H}$ eclipsing $=1.7 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{mol}$
$\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ gauche $=0.9 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{mol}$
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ gauche $=1.3 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{mol}$
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ gauche $=1.1 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{mol}$
calculation:
9. a. Draw the more stable chair confirmation for each of the diethylmethylcyclohexanes shown below. (8 points)




b. Which isomer is more stable? A or B? (2 points) $\square$
10. Consider the structure below and answer the following questions.

a. Write the hybridization of each atom indicated by an arrow in the box provided. (8 points)
b. What is the $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{c}}-\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}}-\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{e}}$ bond angle? (2 points) $\square$
c. The sigma bond between the atoms labeled $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{b}$ is formed by the overlap of what kinds of orbitals. Be specific. (2 points)
$\square$
11. Consider the following reaction:

a. Given the bond dissociation energies given in the table at the end of the exam, calculate the overall $\Delta H^{\circ}$ in the box provided. You must show you work. (6 points)
$\square$
b. Are the products or reactants favored at equilibrium? (2 points) $\square$

