Orgo1 Review Exam

Chemistry 3332

January 18, 2008

Name (PRINT) $\qquad$ Last, First

Signature

ID\# $\qquad$

## Please circle class time.

## Dr. Bean's 10:00 AM

## Dr. Bean's 1:00 PM

Dr. Bean's 4:00 PM

| Page \# | Score |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1. 12 pts. |  |
| 2. 22 pts. |  |
| 3. 18 pts. |  |
| 4. 18 pts . |  |
| 5. 10 pts. |  |
| 6. 10 pts. |  |
| 7. 4 pts. |  |
| 8. 6 pts. |  |
| 9. 10 pts. |  |
|  |  |

TOTAL $\qquad$

Note: Present your student ID when you return the exam booklet
A. Nomenclature: Total = 12 points

Please provide a proper IUPAC name for each of the following compounds. Include stereochemistry where appropriate.

1



2



3



4


B. Facts: Total Points $=22$

1. Rank the following carbanions in order of increasing stability. (1=least stable, 4=most stable) (3 pts.)




$\square$


$\square$
2. Rank the following carbocations in order of increasing stability. (1=least stable, $3=$ most stable) (3 pts.)




$\square$

3. Rank the following molecules in order of decreasing boiling point. (3 = lowest, $1=$ highest) (3 pts.)


$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
$\square$
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$
$\square$
4. Rank the following molecules in order of increasing rate of reaction with the E1 process. $(1=$ lowest, $3=$ highest) (3 pts.)


$\square$

5. Place the answers to the following questions in the appropriately labeled boxes. a) How many distinct types of protons does the compound below have? b) What are the theoretically predicted multiplicities (splitting patterns) of the signals for the protons labeled $\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{c}, \mathbf{d}$ ? (10 pts.)

a) types of protons
b) multiplicity of $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{a}}$ multiplicity of $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{b}}$
$\square$ multiplicity of $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{c}}$
 multiplicity of $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{d}}$

C. Reactions: Total $=36$ points, 6 points each

Please provide the major product in the answer box. Be sure your drawing indicates stereochemistry if applicable. Partial credit is awarded only when intermediate products are shown below the reaction.
1.

2.


1. $\mathrm{NaNH}_{2} / 150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
2. 


$\xrightarrow{\text { 2. } \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}}$

4.


5.

6.

D. Mechanisms: (10 points)

The reaction presented below produces several products. Provide clear mechanisms to explain the formation of the two products shown. Use curved arrows to indicate "electron flow". Remember to show only one step at a time. Show all intermediates and all formal charges. Do not show transition states!


## E. Synthesis: (10 points)

Synthesize the molecule below using any of the following reagents: cyclohexane, alkanes, or alkenes of no more than two carbons, any inorganic reagents, any peroxy acids, and any oxidizing or reducing agents.


F(a). Spectroscopy (10 points)
Carefully examine the five infrared spectra and the compounds below. Place the letter of the compound in the box beside its spectrum.


E F
G
H

1.
2.


F(b). Spectroscopy BONUS: 10 Points
A compound with the formula $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}$ exhibits the IR and ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR shown below. Please identify this compound and draw the structure in the box provided below.



$\square$

