

First Exam

Name (PRINT) _____

Last, First

Chemistry 3332

Signature _____

February 16, 2007

ID# _____

Please circle class time.

Dr. Bean's 10:00 AM

Dr. Bean's 1:00 PM

Page #	Score	
1. 12 pts.		
2. 18 pts.		
3. 18 pts.		
4. 12 pts.		
5. 14 pts.		
6. 14 pts.		
7. 12 pts.		

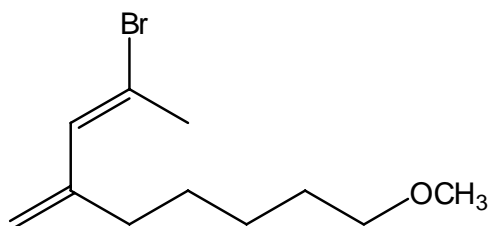
TOTAL _____

Note: Present your student ID when you return the exam booklet

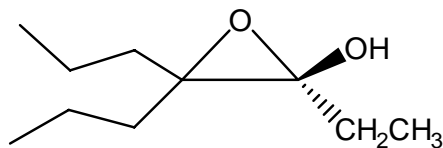
A. Nomenclature: (12 points)

Give an acceptable name for each of the following compounds. Be sure to indicate the **stereochemistry** where appropriate.

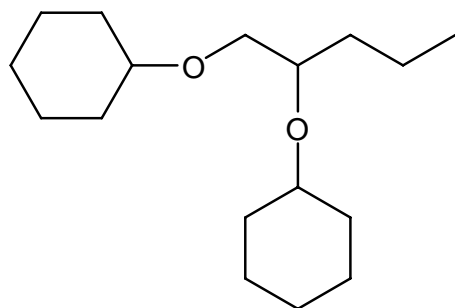
1



2

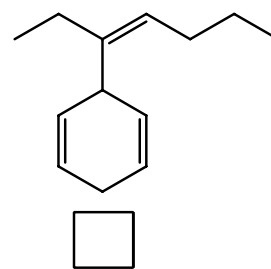
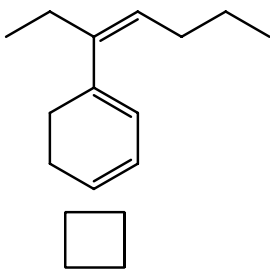
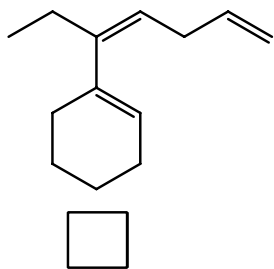


3

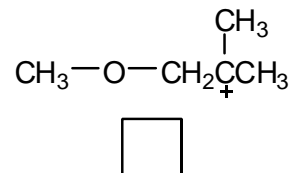
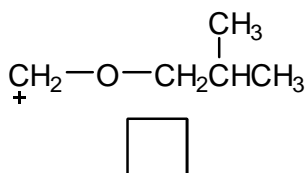
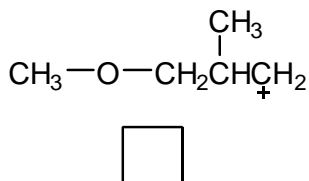


B. Facts: Total Points = 18

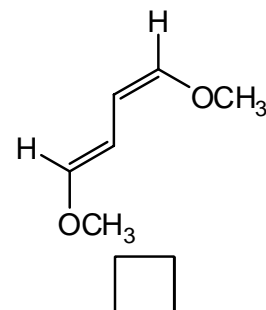
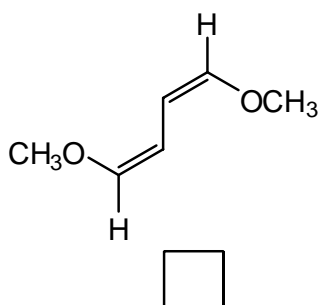
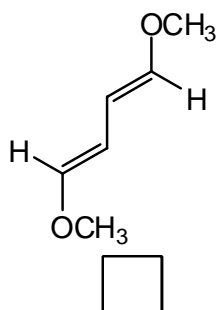
1. Place the following alkenes in order of increasing stability. (1=least stable, 3=most stable) (3 pts.)



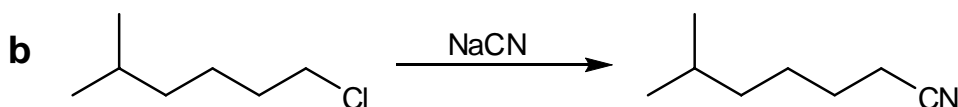
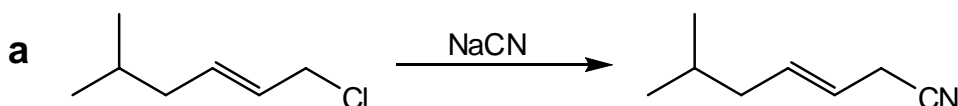
2. Place the following carbocations in order of increasing stability. (1=least stable, 3=most stable) (3 pts.)



3. Place the following molecules in order of increasing reactivity in a Diels-Alder reaction. (1=least reactive, 3=most) (3 pts.)

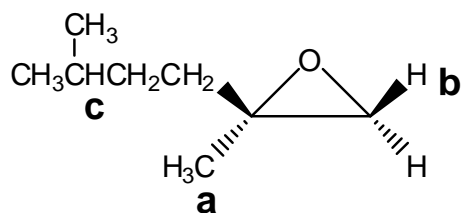


4. Put the letter of the reaction with the faster rate in the box. (4 pts.)



5. Answer the following questions for the molecule below and place the answers in the appropriate boxes.

(i) How many distinct types of protons are present in the molecule? (ii) How many distinct carbons are present? (iii) & (iv) What are the theoretically predicted multiplicities (splitting patterns) of the signal for protons **b** and **c**? (v) What is the multiplicity of carbon **a** in the proton-coupled ^{13}C NMR? (5 pts.)



(i) # of proton types

(ii) # of carbon types

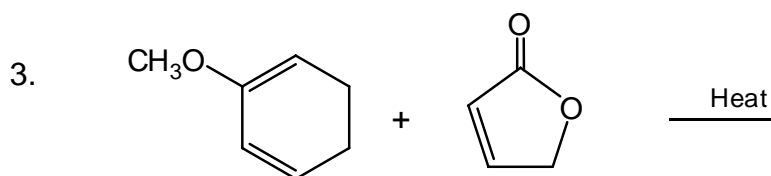
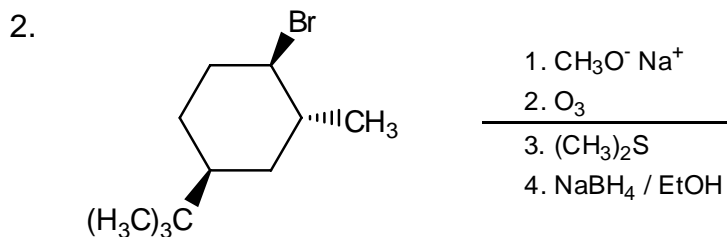
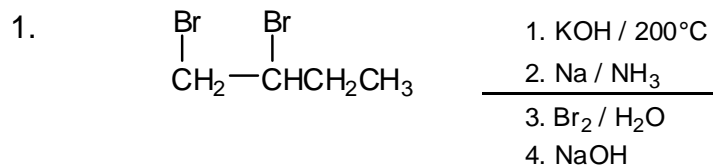
(iii) multiplicity of H_b

(iv) multiplicity of H_c

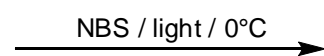
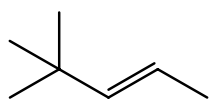
(v) multiplicity of C_a

C. Reactions: Total = 30 points, 6 points each

Please provide the major product in the answer box unless indicated otherwise. Indicate **stereochemistry** with wedges and dashes if applicable. Partial credit is awarded only when intermediate products in a multi-step reaction are shown below the reaction.



4.



Note: NBS=N-bromosuccinimide



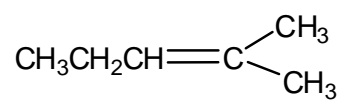
Major Product

+

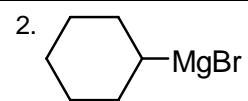


Minor Product

5.

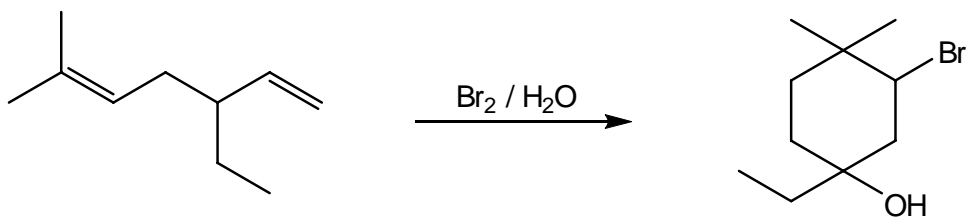


1. MCPBA

3. H_2SO_4 / Heat

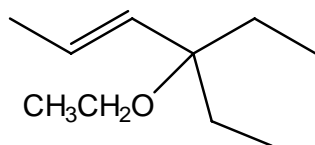
D. Mechanisms: (14 points)

Provide a clear mechanism to explain the formation of the product. Use curved arrows to indicate “electron flow”. Remember to show only one step at a time. **Show all intermediates and all formal charges. Do not show transition states!**



E. Synthesis: (14 points)

Synthesize the molecule below using any of the following reagents: alcohols, alkanes, alkenes and/or alkynes of **three carbons or less**, any inorganic reagents, any oxidizing or reducing agents, and any peroxyacids.



F(a). Spectroscopy (12 points)

A compound with the formula $C_{10}H_{10}O$ exhibits the IR, 1H NMR and proton decoupled ^{13}C NMR spectra shown below. Please identify this compound and draw the structure in the box provided below.

