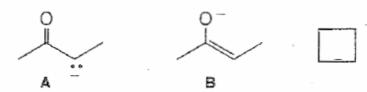


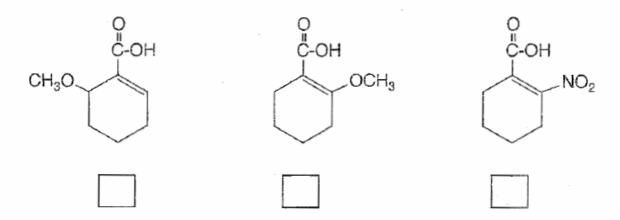
3.

B. Facts: 20 points

1. Place the letter of the more stable resonance contributor for the enolate anion in the box. (2 pts.)



2. Rank the following compounds in order of increasing acidity. (1=least acidic, 3=most acidic) (6 pts.)



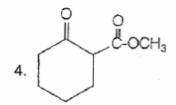
3. Rank the following compounds in order of increasing acidity. (1=least acidic, 3=most acidic) (6 pts.)

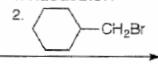
 CH_3O-C CH_3-C CH_3-C CH_3-C

 Rank the following compounds in order of increasing reactivity in H₃O⁺ (1=least reactive, 3=most reactive) (6 pts.)

CH₃-C-O-CHCH₂CH₃ CH₃-C-O-CH₂CH₂CH₃ CH₃-C-N-CH₂CH₂CH₃

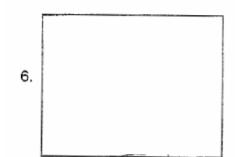
C. Reactions: Total = 30 points, 5 points each Please provide the starting material, reagents or major product in the answer box. Be sure your drawing indicates **stereochemistry** if applicable. Partial credit is awarded only when intermediate products in a multi-step reaction are shown below the reaction.





3. H₃O⁺/HEAT





D. Mechanism: (13 points)

Provide a clear mechanism to explain the formation of the product. Use curved arrows to indicate "electron flow". Remember to show only one step at a time. Show all intermediates and all formal charges. When more than one resonance contributor may be drawn, be sure to draw the most stable contributor.

E. Synthesis: 13 Points

Synthesize the molecule below using any of the following reagents: benzene, alcohols of **three carbons or less**, any inorganic reagents, any oxidizing or reducing agents, and any peroxyacids.

F. Spectroscopy: 12 Points

A compound with the formula C₇H₁₄O₂ exhibits the IR, ¹H NMR and proton decoupled ¹³C NMR spectra shown below. Please identify this compound and draw the structure in the box provided below.

