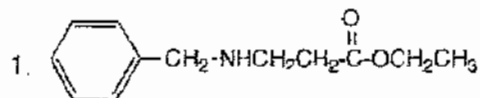
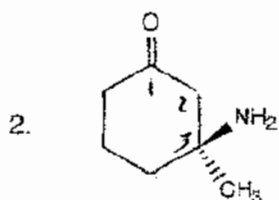


A. Nomenclature: (4 points each. total = 12 points)

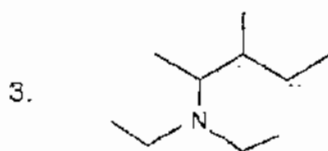
Please provide an acceptable name for each of the following compounds.



ethyl - 3 - benzylamino propanoate



~~3~~ (S) 3 - amino - 3 - methyl cyclohexanone



N,N-diethyl-3-methyl-2-propanamine

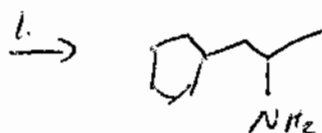
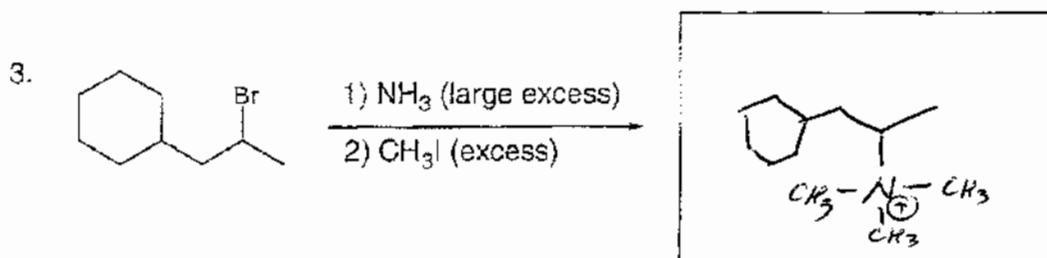
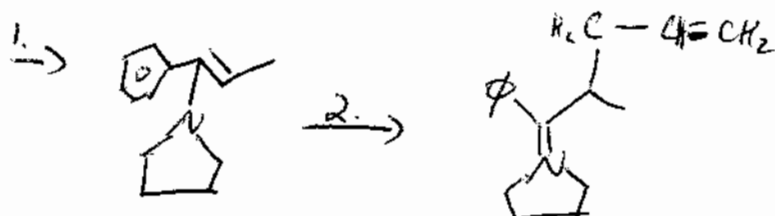
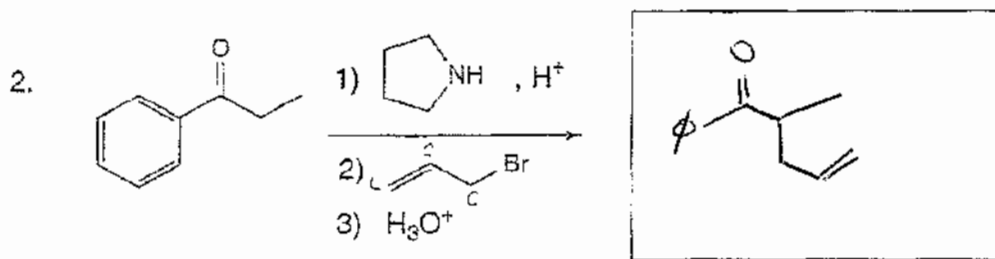
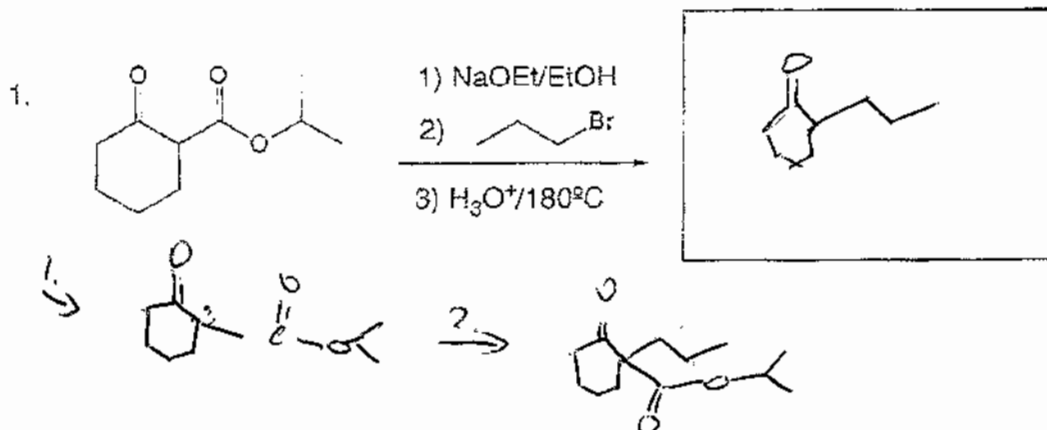
N,N - must be used when amine is used as a parent chain.

1




B. Reactions: (40 points, 8 pts. each)

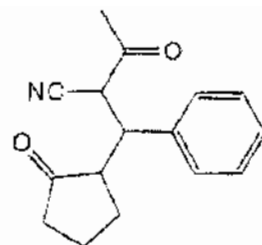
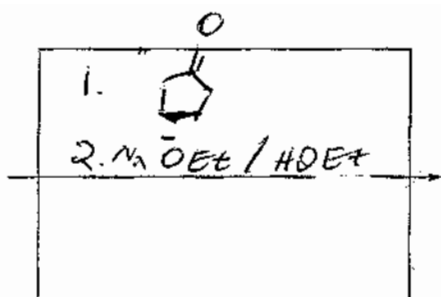
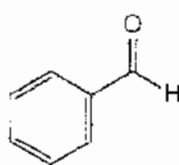
Please provide the reagents, or major organic product(s) in the answer boxes. **Partial credit** is awarded only when intermediate products are shown below the reaction.



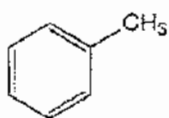
2

this rxn would be generally followed by 
 Hofmann elimination.

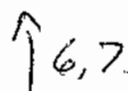
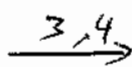
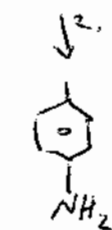
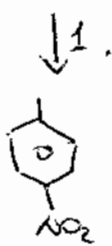
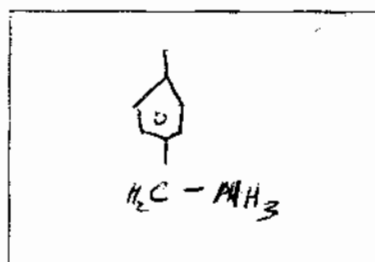
4.



5.



- 1) $\text{HNO}_3, \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$
- 2) Fe, HCl
- 3) NaOH
- 4) $\text{NaNO}_2, \text{HCl}$
- 5) CuCN
- 6) LiAlH_4
- 7) H_2O



Mech: Step 1. try to make out the puzzle.

Step 2. number your carbons in reactants + products

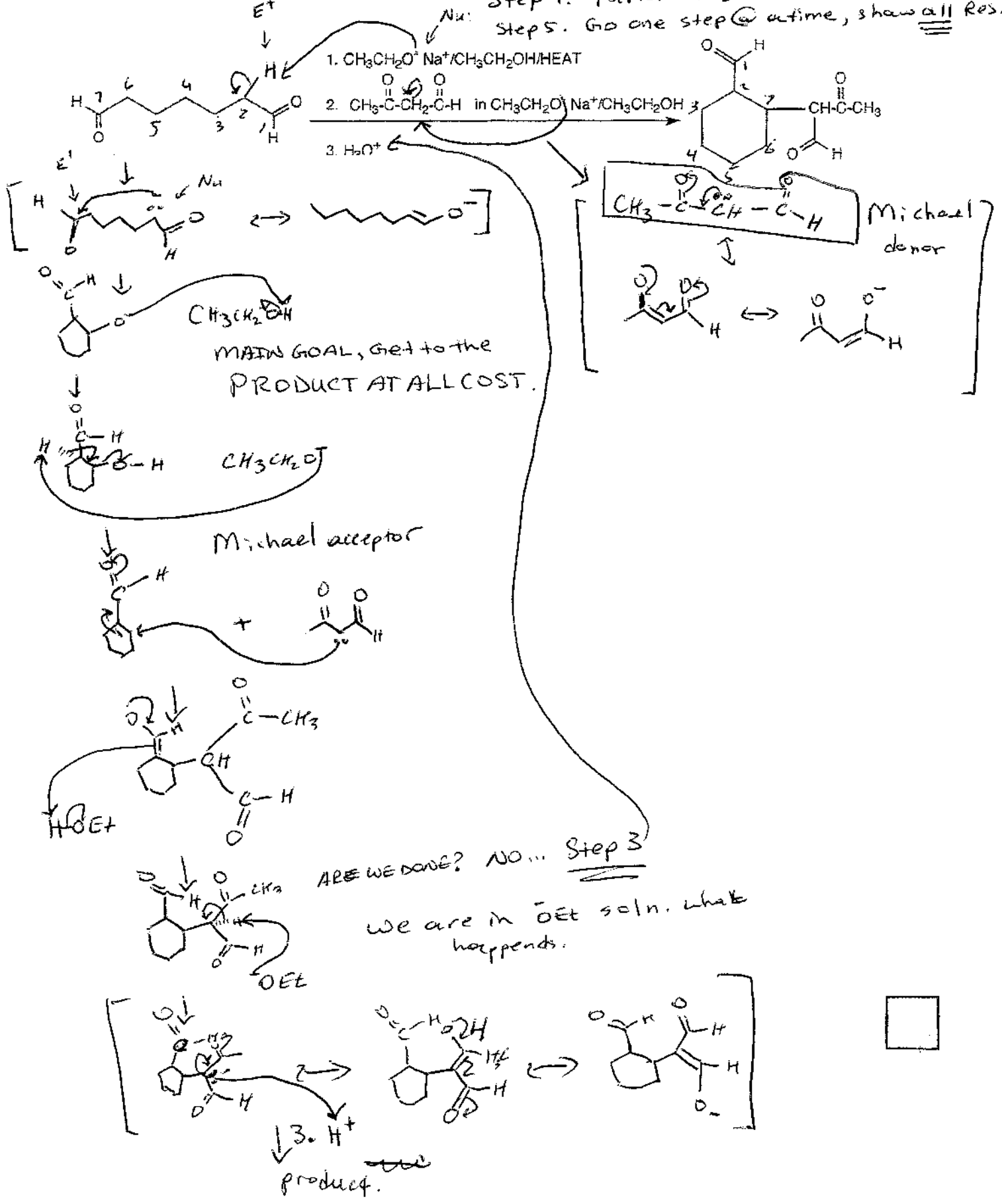
Step 3. what is Nu⁻ & E⁺

Step 4. Parlov's Ass-

Step 5. Go one step @ a time, show all Res.

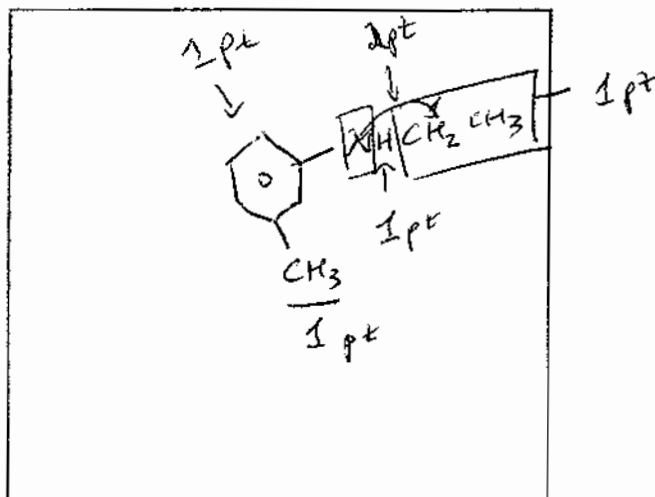
C. Mechanism: 17 points

Provide a reasonable mechanism for the reaction below. Use curved arrows to indicate "electron flow." Show all intermediates and formal charges. If there is more than one resonance contributor, you must show the "best" (i.e., lowest energy) structure.



E. Spectroscopy: 10 Points

A compound with the formula $C_9H_{13}N$ exhibits the IR, 1H NMR, and proton-decoupled ^{13}C NMR shown on the following page. Please identify this compound and draw the structure in the box provided below.



6



